

Revision n. VI – 16.06.2024 Replaces revision n V - 22.11.2022

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

IDENT	IFICATION OF THE SUBSTAINCE/IN	INTORE AND OF THE COWPANY/UNDERTAKING
1.1	Product identifier	
	Chemical name	Hexachloroplatinic acid
	Product code	140
	Registration number	Exempt under Article 6(1)
	C.A.S.	26023-84-7
	CE Number	241-010-7
	Molecular weight	409.81 g/mol (anhydrous)
	Brute formula	$H_2PtCl_6.nH_2O$
	Commercial name	Chloroplatinic acid Pt 40%
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised agair		substance or mixture and uses advised against
	Intended uses	Industrial use. Additive for galvanic baths.
	Advised against uses	Non in particular
1.3	Details of the supplier of the sa	ifety data sheet
	Name	FAGGI ENRICO S.P.A.
	Adress	Via Majorana, 101/103 50019 Sesto Fiorentino FI
	Telephone number	055311861
	Fax number	055311791
	Competent person responsible	for lorenzo.magaldi@faggi.it
	the safety data sheet	

**1.4** Emergency telephone number

111 - Medical helpline operating in England, in Scotland (NHS 24) and in Wales (NHS Direct Wales)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1	Classification of the substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008				
	Hazard classes	Catego	Hazard statements		
		ry			
		codes			

	codes	
Acute toxicity (oral)	3	H301 Toxic if swallowed.
Skin Corrosive	1B	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Respiratory sensitization	1	H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitive	1	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Label elements		

Signal words Hazard statements

Pictograms

## DANGER

- H301 Toxic if swallowed.H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.



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	Precautionary statements	P270	Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
		P261 P280	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye
		P301+ P310	protection/face protection. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a poison control center/ doctor
		P301+ P330+	IF SWALLOWED Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
		P331	
		P303+ P361+	IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH SKIN (or hair): immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse
		P353	the skin / take a shower.
		P305+	IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH EYES rinse cautiously with
		P351+	water for several minutes.
		P338	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
		P333+	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical
		P313	advice/attention.
2.3	Other hazards		NOT contain PBT / vPvB substances according to on (EC) 1907/2006, annex XIII.
		-	NOT contain substances that interfere with the
		endocri	ne system in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
		art.59 pa	aragraph 1 and in accordance with the criteria
		establish	ned in Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 and Regulation (EU)
		2018/60	)5.
COMP	<b>OSITION/INFORMATION ON IN</b>	GREDIENT	-S

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## **3.1** Substance Hexachloroplatinic acid, 40% solid salt

CAS Number	26023-84-7
CE Number	241-010-7
INDEX Number	Not available
ATE (oral)	100 mg/kg bw
M Factor (acute)	Not applicable
M Factor (chronic)	Not applicable

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight closing such as a collar, tie, belt or waist band. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.



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Ingestion	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poiso	
	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures	•
	fresh air and keep at rest in a position comforta	•
	material has been swallowed and the exposed p	
	small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the ex	
	as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce v	-
	to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occur	
	kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs	. Chemical burns must be
	treated promptly by a physician. Never give any	thing by mouth to an
	unconscious person. If unconscious, place in rec	covery position and get
	medical attention immediately. Maintain an ope	en airway. Loosen tight
	clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Skin contact	Get medical attention immediately. Flush conta	minated skin with plenty
	of water. Remove contaminated clothing and sh	noes. Wash contaminated
	clothing thoroughly with water before remo	ving it, or wear gloves.
	Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemi	cal burns must be treated
	promptly by a physician. In the event of any o	complaints or symptoms,
	avoid further exposure. Clean shoes thoroughly	
Eye contact	Get medical attention immediately. Call a po	
1	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occ	
	and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any co	
	rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns mu	
	a physician.	se de cleated promptly by
Reccomendation:		
	octor immediately	YES
		-

# Need to see a doctor immediately YES Possibility of delayed effects following exposure YES Move the exposed individual from the place of exposure to the open air Remove the clothing and shoes of the exposed individual YES How to handle contaminated clothing With gloves

- For those providing first aid, wear DPI
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
- Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhalated. Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: Fatal if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness.

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties, asthma.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur.

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains.

- **4.3** Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No specific treatment.
- 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

4.2

YES



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	5.1	Extinguishing Suitable exti	g media nguishing mec	dia:	Water spray, carbon dioxide.	
		Non suitable media:	extinguishing	S	None in particular.	
	5.2	5.2 Special hazards arising f Do not inhale the gases		m the su	Ibstance or mixture	
				e the fo	by the explosion and combustion. Burning ormation of toxic and / or corrosive vapo	
	5.3	Advice for fir	efighters			
		General information Equipment		sewer, g water. If feasib from the Normal	the water used to extinguish the fire from groundwater or surface water. Cool contain le from a safety point of view, move undan e area of immediate danger. fire-fighting clothing, such as self-contain	ners at risk with naged containers ned open-circuit
				•	ssed air breathing apparatus (EN137), flam , flame retardant gloves (EN659) and firefight	
6.		ACCIDENTAL	RELEASE MEA	ASURES		
	6.1	Personal pre	cautions, prot	tective e	quipment, and emergency procedures	
		6.1.1.	For non-em	nergency	y personnel	
			Move away	y from th	ne contaminated area immediately and keep	upwind.
		<i>6.1.2.</i>	For emerge	ency res	ponders	
			Use :			
				-	s compliant with EN420 EN374 standards.	
				-	pliant with Directive 89/686 / CEE and stand	
			standard.		clothing compliant with the UNI EN 1303	
		<b>_</b> .			ilters compliant with EN14387: 2004 + A1: 20	008.
	6.2		al precautions		and the state of t	
	<b>c a</b>				ground water and surface water.	
	6.3				ment and cleaning up	
		6.3.1.	Advice to c		-	ust) and place in
			•		ppropriate absorbent material (sand, sawdu	• •
		6.3.2.	Advice to c		Sprinkle with baking soda to neutralize acidit	у.
		0.3.2.		-	n plenty of water.	
		6.3.3	Any other i			
		0.3.3	None	injonnu		
	6.4	Reference to	other section	ns		
		None				
7.			ND STORAGE			
	7.1.		for safe handli			
		7.1.1.		-	to manipulate the substance or the mixture	in a safe
					ontainement measures and prevention of fir	
		and powders formation				
			Avoid conta	act with	skin and eyes, inhalation of vapors and mists	S.
			Do not use	empty c	containers before they have been cleaned.	
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		Before transferring operations, make sure that there are no incompatible			
		residual materials in the containers.			
		Contaminated clothing must be replaced before entering the dining areas. At			
		work do not eat or drink.			
	7.1.2.	General recommendation on work hygiene			
		Do not eat, drink, or smoke in work areas; wash hands thoroughly after use and			
		remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas			
		where you eat.			
7.2.		or safe storage, including any incompatibilities			
	7.2.1.	Risk management associated with explosive atmospheres, corrosive			
		conditions, flammability hazards, incompatible substances or mixtures,			
		evaporative conditions, potential ignition sources			
		Keep the container tight and sealed until use.			
	7.2.2.	Control of weather conditions, ambient pressure, temperature, sunlight,			
		humidity, and vibration			
		Store in a cool, dry place.			
	7.2.3.	Conditions for keeping substances / mixtures intact			
		The packages must be well closed and labeled.			
	7.2.4.	Advice regarding the ventilation, specific design for storage rooms or vessels,			
		quantity limits under storage conditions, packaging compatibilities			
		Use PE and PP plastic packaging or other resistant materials. Keep the packages			
		in a containment basin.			
7.3.	Specific end				
	Industrial use. Additive for galvanic baths				
•	EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION				
8.1.	Control parameters				
	The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided				
		vical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for			
	bulk handlin	g or other uses that could significantly increase worker or exposure or			

environmental releases.

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

Product/ingredient name: hexachloroplatinic acid

Exposure limit values: EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). TWA: 0.002 mg/m^3, (as Pt) 8 hours. EH40-OES (United Kingdom (UK)). Notes: Halogeno-Platinum Compounds, MEL: 0.002 mg/m^3 8 hours. Form: Metallic form.

## DNEL

# Workers

Systemic effects for long-term exposure – inhalation: high hazard (no threshold derived) Systemic effects for short-term exposure – inhalation: high hazard (no threshold derived) Local effects for long-term exposure – inhalation: high hazard (no threshold derived) Local effects for short-term exposure – inhalation: high hazard (no threshold derived) Systemic effects for long-term exposure – dermal: high hazard (no threshold derived) Systemic effects for short-term exposure – dermal: high hazard (no threshold derived) Local effects for short-term exposure – dermal: high hazard (no threshold derived) Local effects for long-term exposure – dermal: medium hazard (no threshold derived) Local effects for short-term exposure – dermal: medium hazard (no threshold derived) Local effects for short-term exposure – dermal: medium hazard (no threshold derived) Local effects for short-term exposure – dermal: medium hazard (no threshold derived) Local effects for short-term exposure – dermal: medium hazard (no threshold derived)



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#### General population.

Hazard unknown but no further hazard information necessary as no exposure expected

#### PNEC

Freshwater: 0.14 μg/L Marine water: 0.017 μg/L Sewer treatment plant: 0.125 mg/L Sediment (freshwater): 261 μg/kg sediment dry weight Sediment (marine water): 26 μg/kg sediment dry weight Soil: 5 μg/kg soil dry weight

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Local suction systems, emergency showers and eye washing system near the work area.

- 8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
  Eye/face protection
  Skin protection (hands)
  Chemical gloves according to EN 420 EN 374
  Glove material:
  Natural latex
  Material thickness: 0.5 mm
  Penetration time: ≥ 60 min DIN EN374 method
  - Skin protection (body)Complete antacid clothing compliant with the UNI<br/>EN 13034: 2006 type 6 standards.Respiratory protectionSemi-face masks with ABEK2P3 R filters conforming

to EN14387: 2004 + A1: 2008

#### Thermal hazards

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Maintain all environments in suction using localized collection and ambient air exchange systems. Convey the aspirated volumes to an abatement system and then into the atmosphere. Do not use air recirculation suction systems. Avoid any spill into the environment.

Not available data.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Solid Colour Brown Odour Not applicable Melting point/freezing point 60 °C Boiling point or initial boiling point Decomposes and boiling range Flammability Not flammable Not explosive Lower and upper explosion limit Flash point Not flammable Auto-ignition temperature Not flammable Decomposition temperature It decomposes according to various reaction stages up to the metallic Pt at about 500 ° C pН Not available data Kinematic viscosity Not available data



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10.

11.

9.2.	Solubility Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Vapour pressure Density and/or relative density Relative vapour density Particle characteristics Other information	1400 g/L at 18 °C Not applicable Not available data 2.4 g/cm <sup>3</sup> Not applicable The portion of hexachloroplatinic acid <100 μm was 0.1 %.
-	None.	
STABII	ITY AND REACTIVITY	
10.1	Reactivity	
	Propietà catalitiche	
10.2	Chemical stability	
	Stable under normal conditions	
10.3	Possibility of hazardous reactions	
	None	
10.4	Conditions to avoid	
	Stable under normal conditions	
10.5	Incompatible materials	
	Metals	
10.6	Hazardous decomposition products	
	Hydrochloric acid, chlorine, metal oxides	
	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
11.1	Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulat	
	Acute toxicity	ATE(oral) 100 mg/kg bw
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Corrosive for the skin
	Serious eye damage/irritation	Risk of serious eye damage
	Respiratory or skin sensitization	Respiratory tract irritation
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the
		classification criteria are not met
	Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, the
		classification criteria are not met
	Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the
		classification criteria are not met
	(STOT) single exposure	Not available data
	(STOT) repeated exposure	Not available data
11.2	Information on other hazards	
	Platinum compounds are generally toxic, a	-
		ptoms of platinum intoxication are liver and
	predisposed people. There is no known phy	sensitization with allergic manifestations in
		ysiological role of platinum.
12.1	ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	Not applicable
12.1	Toxicity Persistence and degradability	Not applicable Not applicable
12.2	Bioaccumulative potential	Not applicable
12.5	Mobility in soil	Log Kd 1.57
12.4	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Not classified
12.3	NESULS OF FOR AND VEVD ASSESSIBLE	



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	12.6	Endocrine disrupting properties	No known effects	
	12.7	Other adverse effects	No known effects	
13.		DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS		
	13.1.	Waste treatment methods		
		Either the mixture or packages must b	be sent to approved facilities	for the disposal of
		industrial wastes.		
14.		TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
	14.1	UN number or ID number	UN2507	
	14.2	Official UN shipping name	Solid chloroplatinic acid,	8,III(E)
	14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	8	
		ADR/RID/IMDG/ICAO-IATA: Class:	8	
		ADR/RID/IMDG/ICAO-IATA: Label:	8	
		ADR: Tunnel restriction code	111	
		IMDG - EmS:	F-A, S-B	
	14.4	Packing group	111	
	14.5	Dangers for the environment		
		ADR/RID/ICAO-IATA:	NO	
		IMDG: Marine Contaminant:	NO	
	14.6	Special precautions for user		
		Transport must be carried out by vehi	cles authorized for the trans	port of dangerous
		goods according to the provisions of t	he current edition of the A.D	.R. Agreement. and
		the applicable national provisions. Tra	ansport must be carried out in	n the original
		packaging and, in any case, in packagi	ng which is made of material	s which cannot be
		attacked by the contents, and which a	are not likely to generate dan	gerous reactions.
		Those responsible for loading and unl	oading dangerous goods mus	st have received
		appropriate training on the risks pres	ented by the preparation and	l on any procedures
		to be adopted in the event of emerge	•	
	14.7	Maritime transport in bulk according	to IMO instruments	
		Bulk transport is not foreseen		
15.		<b>REGULATORY INFORMATION</b>		
	15.1	Safety, health and environmental regulations/	legislation specific for	Applicability
		the substance or mixture		
		Reg. (CE) 1907/2006/CE Reach		YES
		Reg. (CE) 1272/2008 CLP and subsequent ame		YES
		Reg. (CE) 2037/2000 "Substances that deplete	NO	
		Reg. (CE) 850/2004 "Persistent organic polluta		NO
		Reg. (CE) 689/2008 "Export and import of haze		NO
		Substance listed in Annex I of Dir. 2012/18/EU		NO
		Directive 81/2008 Consolidated Act on protect	ion of health and work	YES
		safety		
		Directive 2014/103/UE "Adr"		YES
		Reg. (CE) 1907/2006/CE Reach art. 59 – Candio	late List of Substances of	NO
		Very High Concern (SVHC)		
		Reg. (CE) 1907/2006/CE Reach - Annex XIV – A		NO
		Reg. (CE) 1907/2006/CE Reach - Annex XVII – I	Restriction List	Limited use
		https://echa.europa.eu/it/substances-restrict	ed-under-reach	Item 75
				(check link)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment



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A chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Changes compared to the previous edition

Modified sections: 1-2-4-5-8-9-10-12-14

#### Acronim and abbreviation legend

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Substances **EINECS: European Inventory of Chemical Substances** CAS: Chemical Abstract Service STA: Acute Toxicity Estimate PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic. vPvB: (very persistent and very bioaccumulative). Very persistent and very bioaccumulative LD: lethal dose PNEC: predicted no effect concentration DNEL: derived no effect level TLV (ceiling value): threshold limit value STEL: short-term exposure limit EU-OEL: European occupational exposure limit TWA: time-weighted average EC: effective concentration NOAEL: no observed adverse effect level LC: lethal concentration NOEC: no observed effect concentration LOEC: lowest observed effect concentration Bw: body weight Koc: organic carbon-water partition coefficient

## Main references and data sources

ECHA's data bank on registered substances and soon to be registered substances: http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances Adequate training for workers to guarantee the protection of human health and the environment

Training on the chemical risk ex Directive 81/08 Title IX dangerous substances Training on PPE